The Arizona Pest Management Center (APMC) delivers big impacts in agriculture, public health, schools & neighborhoods through applied research, education & regional collaboration for sustainable integrated pest management (IPM), funded by USDA-NIFA’s Crop Protection and Pest Management program.

USDA-NIFA provides critical support through 3 competitive grant sub-programs:

- **Applied Research and Development Program** – problem-solving research ($4M)
- **Extension Implementation Program** – putting research into practice ($10M)
- **Regional Coordination Program** – coordinating success & networking scientists & stakeholders ($4.1M)

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Protecting Human Health

- West Nile Virus can be deadly. Arizona has among the highest incidents of this mosquito-transmitted virus. In 2017, 109 confirmed cases resulted in 8 deaths. A University-County (Phoenix metro area) collaboration\(^1\) prompted control of 8 mosquito populations carrying the virus, reducing disease risk.

- Approximately 100 Arizona residents die yearly due to asthma, and 615,000 are afflicted. Bed bug & cockroach allergens can trigger asthma attacks. Low-income elderly housing residents are particularly vulnerable. Our Community IPM team reduced cockroaches by 87% and bed bugs by 93% in Phoenix public housing for elderly & disabled.

Protecting the Environment

- Our Cotton IPM Team reduced environmental & human health risks by preventing \(>21\) M lbs of insecticide active ingredient from reaching the environment.

- Cotton growers reduced broadly toxic insecticides by 92% & all insecticides by 82%.\(^2\) On average, nearly 20% of cotton acres are never sprayed for insect pests.

- 80% of growers & pest managers adopt reduced-risk pest management practices because of timely research & information from our Vegetable IPM Team, with reported increased yields and fewer toxic pesticides used.\(^3\)

Boosting the Economy

- Our Cotton IPM Team has saved growers more than $542M since 1996, based on fewer sprays and improved yields.

- Research on brown stink bug control in cotton showed that \textit{not spraying} for this insect increased economic returns for growers. After outreach, growers reduced sprays from 39% of acres to 3% of acres, saving over $8M in just 1 year.

- 70% of growers & pest managers reported that outreach from our Vegetable IPM Team helped them avoid economic losses from insects, weeds & diseases. Most growers saved $60-189 \$/acre on insect management alone, or $480,000 –1.5M in annual savings to the typical grower.\(^3\)

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1. In a collaboration supported by Centers for Disease Control & Prevention
3. Based on two 2016 surveys of vegetable IPM program participants (n = 77 & 49) where respondents represented the majority of vegetable production acres in Arizona.