Production Update:

**Alfalfa Moisture:** Standing alfalfa is usually at a moisture content of 75 to 85%. Alfalfa cut for silage is usually wilted to 45 to 65% moisture. Haylage is low moisture silage and can have a moisture content as low as 40%. Baled hay with moisture content between 30 and 40% is in the range where fire is a hazard. Baled hay between 20 and 30% moisture can turn brown and moldy unless a preservative is used. Leaf shattering can occur at a moisture content as high as 25%, but baling at less than 20% moisture is recommended to avoid mold growth.

**Insect Management:** Webworms (alfalfa webworm, beet webworm and garden webworm) are occasional pests of desert alfalfa. The larvae of these small moths are slender, usually greenish yellow, stripped or spotted caterpillars which may reach an inch in length. Webworm larvae devour leaves beneath silken webs on the upper parts of plants in summer and fall. They do not cause serious economic damage. Harvesting infested hay greatly reduces the numbers in the next crop cycle.

**Weed Control:** Summer annual grasses typically begin to emerge in the spring and continue to germinate until November. With the exception of sandbur and sprangletop, they can be controlled post-emergence with Poast or Select. Two applications will be necessary to achieve season long control. Always use a crop oil concentrate rather than a nonionic or silicone surfactant.

Market Summary:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>High</th>
<th>Low</th>
<th>Average</th>
<th>Off grade</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Past 2 Weeks (June 19 to July 1, 2001)</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>80</td>
<td>85</td>
<td>70-80</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Last Year (June 19 to July 1, 2000)</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>50-60</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

10 Year Summary

(June 19, to July 1, 1992 - 2001)

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